

1992/251. Traditional practices affecting the health of women and children

At its 32nd plenary meeting, on 20 July 1992, the Economic and Social Council, taking note of Commission on Human Rights decision 1992/109 of 28 February 1992,¹² and resolution 1991/23 of 29 August 1991 of the Subcommission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities,²¹ endorsed the approval by the Commission of the recommendation of the Subcommission that the mandate of the Special Rapporteur should be extended for two years so as to enable her to submit to the Subcommission at its forty-fifth session a plan of action for the elimination of harmful traditional practices affecting the health of women and children, and a report on the regional seminar to take place in Asia, and the recommendation of the Subcommission that the Centre for Human Rights of the Secretariat should provide a full-time Professional staff member to follow up the question of traditional practices affecting the health of women and children and to liaise with Governments, United Nations bodies and regional commissions, non-governmental organizations and other concerned institutions, with special emphasis on gathering data from the many organizations currently working to eliminate harmful traditional practices.