

# Overview of the QCPR Monitoring Framework

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# ECOSOC resolution 2013/5 (OP 4)

“... *notes* the ongoing efforts of the United Nations development system to monitor the implementation of the quadrennial comprehensive policy review, .... , and *requests* the Secretary-General, in close consultation with all relevant entities, to prepare and implement a comprehensive, coherent and effective monitoring and reporting framework for the quadrennial comprehensive policy review



# 2020 QCPR Resolution 75/233 (OP 118)

118. ...requests the Secretary-General to present to the Economic and Social Council a report in 2021, 2022 and 2023 on system-wide implementation of the provisions of the present resolution, ***including an update and amendments where necessary of the existing monitoring and reporting framework for the quadrennial comprehensive policy review with specific and measurable performance indicators on progress made...***



# The QCPR Monitoring Framework

- Updated annually
- Informs the Secretary-General's report on the QCPR
- Available as an online annex to the Secretary-General's report on the QCPR each year



# Monitoring Framework development process

1. Post-2020 QCPR adoption and 2021 OAS.
2. UNDS collaboration
3. 9-entity Core Technical Working Group to shepherd the process
  - DCO, DESA, ESCWA, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNICEF and OHCHR
4. 12 cluster groups dedicated to each topic each led by a Core Technical Working group member
5. Finalized and a briefing conducted for Member States in August 2021



# Framework development: Cluster Groups

12 Cluster Groups on new/expanded topics	LEAD/CO-LEADS
Cluster 1: Business Operations and Efficiencies	DCO
Cluster 2: Funding & Transparency	DESA & DCO
Cluster 3: Governance & RBM	ESCWA & UNFPA
Cluster 4: MAFs, CFs, Dual Reporting	DCO
Cluster 5: Regional, MCOs, Whole of system & Integrated Policy Advice	DCO
Cluster 6: Partnerships & Financing	UNDP & UNICEF
Cluster 7: Countries in Special Situations	UNDP
Cluster 8: Climate & Environment	UNEP
Cluster 9: Covid-19 and Disaster-risk reductions	DCO & UNDP
Cluster 10: Education, Youth, Volunteerism & Disability Inclusion	UNICEF & UNESCO
Cluster 11: Human rights, GEWE, LNOB	UNFPA & OHCHR
Cluster 12: Poverty, Social Protection, and Science, Technology & Innovation	UNDP



# Principles for development

## Where possible:

1. Indicators should be linked to QCPR mandate(s).
2. Indicators should be able to show year-to-year change.
3. Indicators should be measurable and rely on existing sources of information.
4. Indicator collection should have minimal transaction costs to the UN system, especially to colleagues in the field.
5. Mandates that cannot be reflected quantitatively will still be captured qualitatively in reporting



# Targets

- New to the 2021-24 QCPR Framework.
- Identified targets for some indicators.
- Coordinated with UN entities on identifying targets, guided by the following principles:
  - Existing UN and/or SG Strategies
  - Indicator already exists with a target in another UN framework
  - Clear target or goal associated with indicator (e.g. RC funding)
  - Targets implied in current system-wide policy/guidance
  - Ongoing work in by the UNSDG (e.g. Business Innovations Group, efficiencies agenda)
- Out of the Framework's 257 indicators:
  - ~95 indicators have a target





# Structure & Contents: 5 broad expectations around 24 topics

5 AXES	5 BROAD EXPECTATIONS	24 TOPIC AREAS COVERED
<b>"WHO" &amp; "WHERE"</b> [Target of support]	Tailored whole of system approaches with strong national ownership and leadership enable the UNDS to effectively address the full range of development challenges of our time, ensuring that no one is left behind and promoting human rights and gender equality	1.1 Tailored demand driven approach 1.2 Capacity to adapt and respond 1.3 Countries in special situations 1.4 LNOB, Human rights and GEWE
<b>"ON WHAT"</b> [Thematic]	Coherent, integrated policy advice by the UNDS protects the planet, strengthens capacities and institutions and catalyses partnerships towards accelerating SDG implementation	2.1 Poverty [incl soc. Protection & health] 2.2 Disaster risk reduction 2.3 Climate, environment, biodiversity 2.4 Capacity development
<b>"HOW"</b> [Management & Functioning]	UNDS progressively moves towards integrated action though full support by all entities to the reinvigorated RC system , a new generation of UN country teams with tailored country presence based on the UN Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework, harmonized instruments and common business operations	3.1 UNSDCFs & CPDs 3.2 Management and Accountability 3.3 RC System 3.4 UNCT configuration 3.5 Business operations 3.6 Human resources 3.7 Partnerships /SDG Financing
<b>FUNDING</b> [Accountability, Transparency & Efficiencies]	Enhanced accountability, transparency and efficiencies and a focus on collective results incentivize more sustainable and better-quality funding, in line with the Funding Compact	4.1 Funding Compact 4.2 Quality & quantity of UNDS funding 4.3 Sources of funding 4.4 Transparency & linking funding to results 4.5 Pooled & joint funding
<b>GOVERNANCE</b> [Coordination, Coherence & Effectiveness]	System-wide coordination, coherence, and effectiveness including on strategic planning, implementation, reporting and evaluation is facilitated by improved UNDS governance and oversight	5.1 Alignment with the QCPR 5.2 Full UNDS offer 5.3 Regional dimension 5.4 System-wide reporting

# Monitoring Framework view

Purpose	Ask	#	Indicator	OP	Baseline value	Baseline yr.	Target, if any	SGR 2022 value	Year	SGR 2023 value	Year	SGR 2024 value	Year	Data Source	Funding Compact
<b>2.3 CLIMATE, ENVIRONMENT, BIODIVERSITY:</b>  <b>A climate- and environment-responsive</b> approach, including biodiversity and ecosystem-based approaches, is mainstreamed into UNDS policies, strategic plans, programme planning and delivery (OP29, 30)	UNDS entities adopt and mainstream a more climate- and environment-responsive approach into programmes (OP29a)	2.3.1	Percentage of Strategic Plans of UNDS entities that substantively address: i. Environmental and climate challenges ii. The drivers of biodiversity loss iii. The drivers of climate change	29a	i. 100% ii. 46% iii. 93%	2021	..	i. 100% ii. 46% iii. 93%	2021	i. 97% ii. 66% iii. 90%	2022	i. 96% ii. 70% iii. 85%	2023	DESA (HQ survey)	
		2.3.2	Percentage of Cooperation Frameworks developed in the last year that contain actions to implement: i. Nationally Determined Contribution ii. National Biodiversity Strategies and Action Plans iii. other Multilateral Environmental Agreements Implementation Plans	29a	i. 38% ii. 4% iii. 17%	2021	..	i. 38% ii. 4% iii. 17%	2021	i. 55% ii. 14% iii. 14%	2022	i. 47% ii. 13% iii. 13%	2023	UNEP	
		2.3.3	Percentage of entities integrating environmental and social standards/safeguards to policies, projects and/or programmes	29a	17/27 (63%)	2020	100% (2024)	17/27 (63%)	2020	15/27 (56%)	2021	15/27 (56%)	2022	Sustainable UN, Greening the Blue	
	Ensure consistency of their operations and programmes with low emissions and climate-resilient development pathways; stressing the urgency of climate action and contribute to the post-2020 global biodiversity framework (OP29b)	2.3.4	Number of UNSDG entities with an updated environmental management system, including an environmental policy and targets	29b	1/26	2020	100% (2024)	1/26	2020	2/27	2021	3/ 30 meet the EMS	2022	Sustainable UN, Greening the Blue	
		2.3.5	Number of UNSDG entities reporting annually publicly on efforts to reduce their climate and environmental footprint	29a/ b	29/29 (100%)	2020	100% (2024)	29/29 (100%)	2020	29/29 (100%)	2021	30/37 (81%)	2022	Sustainable UN, Greening the Blue	
		2.3.6	Number of UNSDG entities who: i. have greenhouse gas emission reduction targets established in their Environmental Management System ii. (to be	29a/ b	i. 13/27 (44%) ii. (to be	i. 2020 ii. 2021	..	i. 13/27 (44%) ii. (to	2020	i. 11/27 (41%) ii. 15/27	2021	i.21/30 (70%) ii.19/21	2022	Sustainable UN, Greening the Blue Report	
		2.3.7	Percentage of electricity in UN entities that comes from renewable sources	29b	22%	2021	..	..	2021	22%	2021			UNEP (Greening the Blue)	
	Fulfil their pledges made at the 2019 Climate Action Summit convened by the SG and follow up on the 2020 summit on biodiversity convened by the PGA (OP29c)	2.3.8	Number of UNDS entities that are on track to fulfil pledges made at the 2019 Climate Action Summit	29c	100%	2021	..	100%	2021	90% (9/10)	2022	75% (6/8)	2023	DESA (HQ survey)	
		2.3.9	Number of UN agencies that have adjusted their strategies, policies and programmes to align to the Common Approach to Biodiversity	29a/ b/c, 30	74%	2021	..	74%	2021	85%	2022	86%	2023	DESA (HQ survey)	
	Implementation of the UN System Strategic Approach on Climate Change Action (increased collaboration and delivery of support on climate change) and the UN System-wide Framework of Strategies on the Environment (enhanced integrated support on the environment dimension) (OP30)	2.3.10	Percentage of OAD expenditures directed to SDG 13	30	1.3%	2020	..	1.3%	2020	1.4%	2021	2.2%	2022	OISC/DESA	
		2.3.11	Percentage of RCs that observe close collaboration on climate action programming among UNCT members	30	76%	2021	..	76%	2021	87%	2022	83%	2023	DESA (RC survey)	
		2.3.12	Percentage of programme country Governments who agree that: i. The UN has provided policy advice on climate action ii. Policy advice on climate action was provided in an integrated manner (policy advice that is offered by the UNCT acting in a collective way, rather than through each agency acting individually)	30	i. 99% ii. 82%	2021	..	i. 83% ii. 76%	2021	i. 88% ii. 67%	2022	i. 81% ii. 75%	2023	DESA (PCG survey)	
		2.3.13	Number of tools, guidance documents, impact-oriented interagency partnerships or joint initiative prepared under the UN Environment Management Group (EMG) on integrated approaches to implement the UN System-Wide Framework of Strategies on the Environment	30	19	2021	..	19	2021	18	2022	18	2022	EMG (Annual Report & Programme	
		2.3.14	Adoption and implementation of the Strategy for Sustainability Management in the United Nations System: Phase II i. strategy adopted ii. scorecard developed iii. scorecard rolled out	30	i. yes ii. no iii. no	2021	i. end of 2021 ii. end of 2022 iii. end of	i. yes ii. no iii. no	2021	i. yes ii. yes iii. no	2022	i. yes ii. yes iii. no	2023	EMG	

# Examples of reflection in UNDS entity reporting

- UN-Women: adapted 8 QCPR indicators in their strategic plan assessment
  - E.g. Indicator 0.7.2: Percentage of UNCTs that conducted the comprehensive UNCT-SWAP Gender Equality Scorecard in the past four years, and met or exceeded requirements for at least 60% of UNCTSWAP standards (derived from QCPR indicator 1.4.15)
- UNDP IRRF: incorporated 11 indicators from the QCPR monitoring and reporting framework, 2021–2024.
- UNICEF Data companion and scorecard: reports on some 14 Monitoring Framework-related indicators.
- WFP reporting on QCPR implementation in its annual performance report (Annex IX) follows the structure of the QCPR Monitoring Framework and its five axes



# The MF in numbers

- 5 Axes, 24 Total “asks”, Some 257 indicators, 537 disaggregated indicators
- 76% of Operative paragraphs for which indicators are included in the Monitoring Framework
- Approximately 22% of indicators used in the Funding Compact (not new FC)
- Over 114 (44%) indicators were directly cited in 2024 report of the Secretary-General.



# Development of the 2025-2028 QCPR Monitoring Framework

1. Review of the final 2024 QCPR resolution after it is adopted
  - Regarding relevant mandates including any related to comprehensive monitoring and reporting
2. Full development process after ECOSOC Operational Activities Segment 2025
  - In collaboration with the UNSDG entities



# Thank you

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QCPR website: <https://ecosoc.un.org/en/what-we-do/oas-qcpr/quick-links/information-2024-qcpr>

